

Format of Writing Reference

Western Sydney University Library, APA (APA-American Psychological Association)

Referencing Style Guide Updated 4/05/2017

A writer or a book, article etc. that is mentioned in a piece of writing, showing you where particular information was found is called 'Reference'. All of the sources you refer to in the main body of your assignment need to be listed at the end of the assignment in a reference list in a new page. In a reference list, you only need to list those sources from which you have either quoted or paraphrased. When creating a reference list, the sources should be listed alphabetically by author's surname (mention title if no author's name), should be left justified, and the references should never be preceded by a bullet-point or number

1. Book Reference:

1. Author's name and initials
2. The year/date of publication
3. Full title, including sub-title (italics / underlined)
4. Edition (if the book is a second or subsequent edition)
5. Place of publication
6. Publisher's names

No Author

Example:

Merriam-Webster's collegiate dictionary (10th ed.). (1993). Springfield, MA: Merriam Webster.

One Author

Example:

Andreasen, N. C. (2001). *Brave new brain: Conquering mental illness in the era of the genome* *Oxford*, England: Oxford University Press.

Two Authors

Example:

Copstead, L., & Banasik, J. (2005). *Pathophysiology* (3rd. ed.). Philadelphia, PA: Saunders.

2. Edited Books

1. The names of the editor(s) and initials
2. The year/date of publication
3. Full title, including sub-title (italics / underlined)
4. Edition (if the book is a second or subsequent edition)
5. Place of publication
6. Publisher's name

One Editor

Example:

Craven, I. (Ed.). (2001). *Australian cinema in the 1990s*. London, England: Frank Cass.

Three Editors

Example:

Allen, Jeffner and Young, Iris Marion (eds.). 1989). *The Thinking Muse: Feminism and Modern French Philosophy*, Bloomington, Indiana University Press.

3. Chapter, Article Or Section in a Book

1. The name(s) of the author(s) and initials
2. The year/date of publication
3. Full title, including sub-title (italics / underlined)
4. Beginning and ending pages of the section
5. Place of publication
6. Publisher's names

Example:

Knowles M. S. (1986). *Using Learning Contracts* (pp.73-90) San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.

4. E-Book Available Via Database/ Publisher

1. The name(s) of the author(s) and initials
2. The year, month & date of publication
3. The title of the article (italics / underlined)
4. Retrieved from URL (complete) <http://_____>

Example:

Storey, K. B. (2004). *Functional metabolism: Regulation and adaptation*. Retrieved from <<http://www.netlibrary.com>>.

5. Journal Article and Newspaper Article

1. The names of the author(s) and initials
2. The year/date of publication
3. The title of the article (Italics/Underlined)
4. The title of the journal/newspaper
5. The volume number of the journal
6. The first and last page numbers of the article

Example:

Woolley, T., Raasch, B. (2005). *Predicators of sunburn in north Queensland recreational boat users*. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 16(1), 26-31

6. Image on the Internet

1. The name(s) and initials of the artist(s)
2. The year of original work
3. The title of the original work (italics / underlined)
4. Hosting organizations of website where found
5. The viewed date
6. The URL of the image

Example:

Rodin, A. (1884-89), *Burghers of Calais*, Photographed by J. Howe, Boston, College Fine Arts Department, viewed 3 March 2014, <http://www.bc.edu/bc_org/avp/cas/fnart/rodin/rodin_burghers.html>.

7. Video from the Internet

1. The name(s) and initials of the artist/author(s)/the person uploaded
2. The date of posting
3. The title of the video (Italics/Underlined)
4. Retrieved from URL (complete) < [http:// _____](http://_____) >

Example:

Norton, R. (2006, November 4). *How to train a cat to operate a light switch* [Video file]. Retrieved from <<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vja83KLQXZs>>.